ARGUE OVER A NEW RESERVOIR

Canyon Plans.

The discussions took place before the council as a committee of the whole, with Councilman J. J. Thomas in the chair. When the committee rose it reported progress and asked permission to sit again next Thursday evening, at which time other citizens will be given an opportunity to appear and express their ideas upon the future water question of Salt Lake City.

Two Plans Proposed.

Two Plans Proposed.

There are two propositions before the city council as regards the construction of a reservoir in Parley's canyon. One is to raise the money by a bond issue, as proposed by a resolution introduced by Councilman A. J. Davis, and the other is to build it by piecemeal, the funds to be raised by a special mill tax levy, and use a portion of the surplus funds from the waterworks department each year until the receptacle is completed, which, it is

works department each year until the receptacle is completed, which, it is estimated, will take about three years. The discussion was opened by Councilman Fernstrom, who explained the finance committee report favoring the mill tax levy and the usage of the waterworks department surplus funds. He was followed by Councilman Sharp, who said he was in favor of the bonding proposition. He thought it unwise to use the surplus of the waterworks o use the surplus of the waterworks epartment for any such purpose, as he money could be put to a better use y extending and enlarging the present water mains of the city. As Salt Lake grows the mains will have to be extended and enlarged, and if the sur-plus is used for other purposes there will not be the money in the depart-

out little and the reservoir to the state of the same to thin by Mr. Riter, City Englisher of the same to the state of the same to the state of the same to the state of the same to the same to the state of the same to the same to the state of the same to the same to the state of the same to the state of the same to the same to the state of the same to the same t

Colonel Nelson was opposed to the letting of the contract for the reservoir by piecemeal. He thought it would be economy to let all the steel Mr. Goshen Probably Will Stay be done as regards the stone and concrete work, he said.
At that juncture Chairman Thomas put Councilman Vigus in the chair and

made an extended speech on his plan for an enlarged waterworks system, which has been reported in these col-umns before. He was followed by Mr. Riter, who was the first of the speakers

advisability of sinking wells to

the north of the city and ascertaining how much water flows under Salt Lake City that might be used for drinking of Voice.

rvoir filth and impurities from the and above. The site he had in mind

issuance of bonds.

SCREAMS FRIGHTEN BURGLAR. Mrs. A. D. Melvin, who resides at 765 First street, was aroused last night by someone trying to raise a window at her residence. The police were notified, but by the time the officers reached the place the man had made his escape. He had climbed a porch in the front of the house and was endeavoring to remove the screen when discovered. Mrs. Melvin screamed lustily for assistance and frightened the man away.

"MAYOR" CHIN WANTS LETTERS

Citizens Discuss the Parley's Asks For Assistance to Get Into Country.

WITH COUNCILMEN WIFE CAUSES THE TROUBLE



CHIN CHAN AND HIS FAMILY.

if Congregationalists Buy Methodist Property.

It is understood that under certain conditions Rev. E. I. Goshen will remain in Ogden. It was stated yesterday by a Riter, who was the first of the speakers to digress from the real object of the meeting. His remarks were directed largely to the trouble that the city would have in floating any bonds at this time, He said the market is flooded with undigested securities which are considered gilt-edge.

State Engineer Doremus attacked the purity of Parley's canyon water for domestic purposes. While he did not say it was not fit for culinary purposes, he was not so certain that it is as pure as some other which might be procured by the city. For that reason he was not as heartily in favor of a reservoir in that canyon as some of those present. He thought the matter as to the purity of the stream sheald be looked into before any further steps were taken towards huilding the advisability of sinking wells to MRS. ANDERSON'S CASE. number of members of his congregation that if the Congregationalists shou

MRS. ANDERSON'S CASE.

City that might be used for drinking purposes, was touched upon by Mr. Snell. He reviewed the subject which has been exploited thoroughly by the Commercial club, and abandoned by that body as not feasible owing to the great cost the project involves.

Says Water Is Pure.

Dr. Young took issue with State Engineer Doremus as regards the purity of the Parley's canyon water. He said it is pure and good for every domestic purpose. He opposed the Youngberg site and advocated the reservoir being constructed half a milbhigher up the stream. The point he had in mind was between gradually sloping hills, which would prevent flood waters carrying with them down the precipitous mountain sides at the proposed site, thus bringing into the reservoir filth and impurities from the recovery above. The site he had in mind was brown the proposed site, thus bringing into the reservoir filth and impurities from the recovery above. The site he had in mind was brown the proposed site, thus bringing into the reservoir filth and impurities from the recovery above. The site he had in mind was between gradually stoping hills, which would prevent flood waters carrying with them down the precipitous mountain sides at the proposed site, thus bringing into the reservoir filth and impurities from the recovery above. The site he had in mind was brown the precipitous mountain sides at the proposed site, thus bringing into the reservoir filth and impurities from the recovery above. The site he had in mind was between gradually state of these admissions are sized in a collision in the reservoir filth and impurities from the recovery above. The site he had in mind was between gradually state of the second district court in the action of Mrs. Kate Bridewell Anderson vs. the Rio Grande Western. The chief witness was the plaintiff, who is suing the second district court in the action of Mrs. Kate Bridewell Anderson vs. the Rio Grande Western. The chief witness was the plaintiff, who is suing the stream of Mrs. Kate Bridewell Anderson vs. the Rio Grande

Par Excellence Awards.

reservoir filth and impurities from the ground above. The site he had in minimulation would permit of the sides of the reservoir being parked and made a beauty spot for the citizens of Salt Lake.

President Cannon thought the Youngberg site an ideal one and advanced the statement that a reservoir constructed there would hold ten times the amount of water a reservoir built upon the Young site would. The arguments were brought to a close by Mr. Lambert, who favored the pushing of the work upon the reservoir. He said it would give the city a better supply and thereby afford more adequate fire protection and force down the insurance rates. For more reasons fhan one he favored the plan of constructing the reservoir without the issuance of bonds.

Par Excellence Awards.

The following pupils of the Sacred Heart academy, noted for their exemplary conduct and politeness. throughout the entire school term, received par excellence in deportment. The names of those who were thus honored are as follows: Misses A. Maguire, E. Harcombe, I. Tomasek A. Maguire, E. Harcombe, I. Tomasek B. McCarty, N. Wester, E. Lamoreaux B. McCarty, N. Wester, E

Independent Telephone Plans. Independent Telephone Plans,
Frank B. Hall, chief engineer of construction for the Independent Home Telephone company, is in Ogden, together with his assistant, Wayne Myers, They are engaged in arranging for the underground conduit system of the company and for the general preliminary work connected with the establishment of the system. Mr. Hall states that the conduits will be put underground ahead of the mey paving and that the entire system will be installed in Ogden, Salt Lake and Provo about Feb. I.

The conduits ordered have been delayed because of the floods in Missouri, but the

I. N. Pierce is minus a valuable zold watch which was taken from his est while the garment was hanging in the room in the Utah Canning company's factory, where Mr. Pierce is superintendent.

HEARING POSTPONED.

Toledo, O., June 25.—The preliminary hearing in the cases of the government against George E. Lorenz and his wife, Martha J. Lorenz, which was to have occurred this afternoon, was postponed until next Tuesday upon the motion of the attorney for the defense on the ground that a copy of the indictment had not been furnished to the defense.

His Two For a Quarter.

When a man drinks alone it is 15 cents straight in most respectable groggeries. The other day a genius stepped jauntily into a Pine street posada and ordered "two whiskies." The natural supposition of the barman was that a friend was expected, therefore he set out two empty glasses, two glassfuls of water from the tub and a bottle of something, then but off a check for 25 cents, cast it upon the bar and remarked: "Please pay the cashler."

The customer poured an ounce of

er."
The customer poured an ounce of liquor into each empty glass and passed each the bottle. After swallowing one frink he ate a cracker, then gulped down the other, paid his quarter and went out. liquor into each empty glass and passed back the bottle. After swallowing one drink he ate a cracker, then gulped down the other, paid his quarter and went out.

"Wise guy," said the barman, impressed.

"Fool guy," said the owner. "He pald a quarter for two ounces of whisky in two glasses. He might have poured two ounces in one glass and paid 15 cents. He'll be blowing it all over town how smart, he is. Where you lose is that you have to wash four glasses instead of two."

In the case of Winifred L. Green vs. Pleasant Grove Pressed Brick company, a verdict of \$175 in favor of glaintiff was returned.

The suit of Alfred Warner et al. vs. N. S. Nielsen for \$200 damages, claimed by reason of defendant's grazing their sheep on plaintiff's land in Spanish Fork canyon, is now in trial.

Signed by Citizens.

The petition which will be transmitted to the Russian government is the one which the executive council of the B'Nai B'Rith handed to the president as a tentative document to be signed by leading citizens of the United States outside of federal office holders. It is expected that it will take about two weeks to secure these signatures, work along that line already being in progress.

Upon learning that the government of the United States had decided to forward the petition to the Russian government Count Cassini went to the state department and consulted with Secretary Hay.

Will Make Haste.

Loa. June 23.—The June term of the district court opened here this morning. The calendar was the lightest that was ever presented on the opening day of a term. The only item of business transacted by the dismissal of a civil case entitled Henrietta Pearce vs. James A. Smith, on the ground that the complaint had not been filed until eleven days after service of summons.

GRAZING PERMIT ENLARGED. Payson, June 25.—D. S.*Pack, the inspector of the Payson forest reserve stationed here, has just received an order from the department of the interior permitting 3.000 head of cattle to pasture on the reserve. This is good news to Nephi and Payson stockmen, as heretofore only 1.000 head have been allowed on the reserve. (New York Press.)
When a man drinks alone it is 15 cents MASONIC LODGE AT RICHFIELD.

Richfield, June 25.—Hiram lodge, F. and A. M. of this city was dedicated last evening with public exercises. A number of visitors, together with members of the lodge, witnessed the ceremonies. John F. Harde of Sait Lake, assisted by C. M. Owen and local members, handled the work.

Provo, June 24.—The following additional jurors were drawn today in the Fourth listrict court:

ADDITIONAL JURORS DRAWN.

the house he was met by the whole family.

"Did you get the check?"
"Yes," he answered sententiously.
"Where—where is it? Let's see it."
The questions came from all sides.
They were hungry, clamorous for a sight of the precious paper. They wanted to handle it, feel it, look at the figures.
Panic suddenly seized the boy. His intoxication passed away, and he realized what he had done. For a few minutes longer he fenced. Then, in desperation, he blutred out the story and a wall of anguish and accusation went up. It was the most terrible tragedy that had come to this family since the dark days of 1874. The storm of words wore itself out after a while. The mother and daughters settled to deep, bitter crying. His brothers sulked in angry, hopeless silence. The little business that had at last promised a divelihood was ruined. The money left out of the \$34 was not enough to face the most pressing demands of the butcher and the grocer. To buy more circuars, was out of the question. For forty-eight hours the family remained in black despair. Then something is to the figure and the grocer. To buy more circuars, was out of the question. For forty-eight hours the family remained in black despair. Then something is took the most pressing demands of the butcher and the grocer. To buy more circuars, was out of the question. For forty-eight hours the family remained in black despair. Then something is the most pressing demands of the butcher and the grocer. To buy more circuars, was out of the question. For forty-eight hours the family remained in black despair. Then something is the most pressing demands of the butcher and the grocer. To buy more circuars, was out of the question. For forty-eight hours the family remained in black despair. Then something is the most pressing demands of the butcher and the grocer. To buy more circuars, was out of the question. For forty-eight hours the family remained in black despair. Then something is the proper would the grocer to be well and pressed to the most pression death of the proper

A will be feet with the control of t May instantly saw the value of the idea. When business closed that evening and for many evenings after that they talked the matter over and finally concluded they would go into the business, then unknown, of manufacturing velveteen skirt binding. They interested one of their friends named Potter and organized the firm of Stewart. Potter & May. Stewart and May resigned their positions and moved to Cleveland, where they secured the services of a mechanic to work out Stewart's idea of a machine. With their machine finished they started into business and found a limited market for their wares. The dry goods merchants were quite alive to the merits of ready made skirt binding, but the processes of introducing it to the customer were necessarily very slow. About this time there appeared in Cleveland a salesman for a Boston jobbing house, named L. F. Howe. Stewart and May made it their business in the services in interest him in the new invention and succeeded so well that Howe bought Potter's Interest, the firm being reorganized as Stewart, Howe & May, as it stands today. These three young men worked along until 1892, when feeling the need of advanced methods, the firm was incorporated and moved to New York. Mr. May retired and George S. Curtis of New York, an expert in financial matters, took his place.

Mr. Curtis, even more than his associates, appreciated the field open to the date of the field open to the state of the file open to the state of the file open to the states of the file open to the states of the file open to the states of the file open to the processes and then allowed to ded own for want of persistent effort.

terial with which to bind skirts. Now, why wouldn't it be a good thing to save them all that trouble?"

"And how would you do that?" inquired May.

"Why, get a machine that will cut the velveteen and sew the strips together. Then put it up in rolls and sell it ready for use."

"Why, through your foolish extravagance in advertising. A dozen men of prominence, friends of yours and friends of mine, have come to me within the last fey days, asking me to see you and stop you in your course. Your recklessing and for many evenings after that it is the talk of the town. Everybody less that the town.

"MAIZENE" The new process Corn Meal, will supply just the nutriment you need. All grocers sell it in 10 and 25-pound sacks. White and yellow,

Ray & Sons, Wholesalers Pride of Colorado High Patent! Flour. 9-11-13 So. 3d W. Tel. 817.

Do You Know?

That notion of ours about the weight of a ton permeates every department. A ton of hay is 2,000 pounds, so is a ton of anything else.

-

1

Bamberger

The Man on Meighn St.